



HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS:

240 g/L TRICLOPYR present as the butoxyethyl ester

120 g/L PICLORAM present as the isooctyl ester

SOLVENT:

389 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP I HERBICIDE

For selective control of a wide range of woody and noxious weeds in commercial and industrial areas, public lands, fence lines and pastures, by basal bark and cut stump applications as specified in the Directions for Use.

Pack Sizes: 1 L, 5 L & 10 L

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone: *Australia* 13 11 26.

If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed • Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin • Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders • Avoid contact with eyes and skin • Avoid inhaling vapour or spray mist • When opening the container and preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat and elbow-length neoprene gloves and a face shield or goggles • If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water • If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water • After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water • After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet for **ACCESS® HERBICIDE** which is available from Corteva Agriscience on request. Call Customer Service Toll Free on 1-800 700 096 or visit www.corteva.com.au

EMERGENCY RESPONSE (ALL HOURS)

RING FROM ANYWHERE IN
AUSTRALIA
1800 370 754
(LOCAL CALL FEE ONLY)

IN A TRANSPORT
EMERGENCY ONLY

DIAL 000
FOR POLICE OR
FIRE BRIGADE



Agricultural Division of DowDuPont

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Visit us at corteva.com.au

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT add water to Access Herbicide.

DO NOT apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, or previous herbicide treatment as reduced levels of control may result.

DO NOT apply to charcoal coated or wet stems as this can repel the diesel mixture.

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCE LINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE /60 L DIESEL ²	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
<i>Acacia</i> spp. including: Black wattle ¹ Brigalow ¹ Hickory wattle ¹ Mimosa bush Mulga ¹ Sally wattle ¹ Silver wattle ¹	Basal bark method: Plants with stems up to 5 cm basal diameter. Cut stump method: Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Ensure all stems on multi-stemmed varieties are treated. Delay treatment until all regrowth on bulldozed or ploughed land has had time to emerge to a height of at least 1 (one) metre. Root suckering wattles will need follow-up treatment.	
African boxthorn			Treat all stems on multi-stem plants.	
Algaroba (<i>Prosopis</i> spp.)				
<i>Angophora</i> spp. regrowth				
Australian blackthorn			This species may become dormant so should not be treated during winter.	
Bitterbark			Regrowth from roots may occur.	
Broadleaf privet		2 L		
Brush box			Treat single stemmed seedling plants only.	
Cacti including: Common pest pear Harrisia cactus Prickly pear Snake cactus Tiger pear Tree pear			1L	Apply as an overall spray, wetting all areas of the plant to ground level.
Calotrope				Species with rough corky bark require more thorough wetting than smooth barked species. Some regrowth may still occur.
Cockspur thorn ¹				
Corkwood wattle	Basal bark application only. Species with old, rough bark require more thorough wetting than smooth barked species. Some regrowth may still occur.			
<i>Corymbia</i> spp. ¹				
Ellangowan poison bush				
<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. regrowth				
False sandalwood				
Green cestrum				

¹ The smooth stemmed species *Acacia* spp. (excluding Mimosa bush), Cockspur thorn, *Corymbia* spp., *Leucaena* and *Parkinsonia* can be treated using the alternative Access™ ThinLine method for basal bark application. Please refer to the following table.

² Biosafe™ may be used as an alternative carrier to diesel. For alternative biodiesel products, first seek advice from Dow AgroSciences.

Continued over

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCE LINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE /60 L DIESEL ²	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
<i>Grevillea</i> spp.	Basal bark method: Plants with stems up to 5 cm basal diameter.	1 L		
Groundsel bush				
Guava	Cut stump method: Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	2 L	Regrowth may occur from roots of the main tree.	
Hard milkwood				
Hawthorn		1 L		
Heartleaf poison bush				
Honey locust				
Kiteleaf poison				
Leucaena ¹				
Limebush			Treat single stem plants only.	
Lantana				
Narrow leaf hop bush				
Needlewood				
Oleander				
Parkinsonia ¹				
Punty bush				
Red ash (white myrtle)				
Rubbervine				
Swamp box			2 L	Treat single stemmed seedling plants only.
Sweet briar			1 L	Do not treat during winter.
Tea trees				
Turpentine				
Turpentine bush				
Whitewood				
Wild orange		Basal bark treatment only.		
Wild peach				
Wild Rosemary				
Wild tobacco tree		Cut stump treatment only.		
Wiiga				
Yellow bells (<i>Tecoma</i> spp.)				Some root suckering may occur.

¹ The smooth stemmed species *Acacia* spp. (excluding Mimosa bush), Cockspur thorn, *Corymbia* spp., Leucaena and Parkinsonia can be treated using the alternative Access™ ThinLine method for basal bark application. Please refer to the following table.

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Continued over

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCE LINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.			
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE /60 L DIESEL ²	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Camphor laurel	<p>Basal bark method: Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.</p> <p>Cut stump method: Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.</p>	1 L	Species that become dormant should not be treated during winter.
Peppercorn tree (<i>Schinus molle</i>)			Basal bark method only.
Prickly acacia			
Sisal hemp			Basal bark method only.
Tree of Heaven			Species that become dormant should not be treated during winter.
Willow		4 L	Cut stump method only. Complete control may not occur due to the multi-stem growth of plant and difficulty treating all stems.
Chinee apple	<p>Basal bark method: Plants with stems up to 15 cm basal diameter.</p> <p>Cut stump method: Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.</p>	1 L	

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ACCESS™ THINLINE BASAL BARK APPLICATION FOR SMOOTH STEMMED SPECIES:
See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION** section for application method details.

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCE LINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.			
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE /10 L ²	CRITICAL COMMENTS
<p><i>Acacia</i> spp. including: Black wattle Brigalow Hickory wattle Mulga Sally wattle Silver wattle</p> <p>Cockspur thorn</p> <p><i>Corymbia</i> spp.</p> <p>Leucaena</p> <p>Parkinsonia</p>	<p>Basal bark method: Plants with stems up to 5 cm basal diameter</p>	1 L	<p>Spray the bark around the stem from ground level up to 5 cm high. Ensure all stems on multi-stemmed varieties are treated. Delay treatment until all regrowth on bulldozed or ploughed land has had time to emerge to a height of at least 1 (one) metre. Root suckering wattles will need follow-up treatment.</p>

² Biosafe™ may be used as an alternative carrier to diesel. For alternative biodiesel products, first seek advice from Dow AgroSciences.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL
UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

FOR NATIVE VEGETATION

Use of Access on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD

The use pattern of this product is such that no withholding periods are required.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

MIXING

Access herbicide is designed for use with diesel distillate only. It will NOT mix with water.

Quarter fill the spray unit or mixing container with diesel and add the required amount of Access. Add the remaining diesel and shake or agitate thoroughly to mix the contents. Only mix sufficient chemical for each day's work, mixing periodically.

Dilution Table:

RATE	VOLUME OF ACCESS HERBICIDE			
1 L/60 L	17 mL	83 mL	167 mL	250 mL
2 L/60 L	33 mL	167 mL	333 mL	500 mL
4 L/60 L	67 mL	333 mL	667 mL	1 L
1 L/10 L	100 mL	500 mL	1 L	1.5 L

Volume of diesel added after Access	fill to 1 L	fill to 5 L	fill to 10 L	fill to 15 L
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COMPATIBILITY

Access is compatible with diesel and Biosafe™, and should not be used or diluted with any other chemicals.

For alternative biodiesel products, first seek advice from Dow AgroSciences.

GENERAL APPLICATION

Apply only with hand-directed equipment such as a pneumatic sprayer. The use of diesel as a herbicide carrier may affect the rubber seals in some sprayers. To avoid this, use sprayers, which use Viton® seals and fittings.

Spray equipment should be used at low pressures, up to 200 kPa, to avoid splashing. Ensure all stems on multi-stemmed varieties are treated. Delay treatment until all regrowth on bulldozed or ploughed land has had time to emerge to a height of at least 1 metre.

Species that lose their leaves e.g. sweet briar; or become dormant, e.g. Australian blackthorn or camphor laurel, should not be treated during winter.

Species with old, rough bark require more thorough wetting than the smooth barked species.

DO NOT apply to charcoal coated or wet stems as this can repel the diesel mixture.

Basal Bark Application Method

Dilute the indicated volume of Access Herbicide with an appropriate carrier up to a total volume of 60 L. Liberally spray the bark around the stem from ground level to 30 cm high, wetting thoroughly to the point of runoff (unless otherwise stated).

Access™ ThinLine basal bark application method:

Alternatively, the application band can be reduced to 5 cm high but with the concentration increased proportionally (one part Access diluted with 9 parts diesel) for the treatment of the smooth stemmed woody weed species: *Acacia* spp. (excluding *Mimosa* bush), Cockspur thorn, *Corymbia* spp., *Leucaena* and *Parkinsonia*, also indicated with asterisks in the Directions for Use tables.

Cut Stump Method

Stems should be cut less than 15 cm above ground level. **Immediately** apply Access/carrier mixture **liberally** to the **freshly** cut stump by spraying the cut surface and sides of the stem.

CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.

After completion of spraying, use a degreaser such as Caltex Kwik-D-Grease® to remove traces of the carrier from the sprayer. Rinse tank and spray through nozzles thoroughly with water to remove degreaser.

After the above, quarter fill the tank with clean water and add a alkali detergent, (e.g. liquid at 500 mL/100 L of water or the powder equivalent at 500 g/100 L of water). If using a concentrated laundry detergent use 250 g (or mL)/100 L water. Do not use chlorine based cleaners.

Shake the water around the sprayer and spray the solution through the nozzles to thoroughly clean the lines and nozzles. Rinse well with clean water to remove detergent.

To clean brushes and container, spray liberally with degreaser. Hose off thoroughly with water and repeat using detergents (see above).

DO NOT use this equipment for any other purpose.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP I HERBICIDE

Access Herbicide is a member of the pyridines group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management the product is a Group I Herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population.

The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group I Herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Dow AgroSciences accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Access Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Dow AgroSciences representative.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Treat target weeds only. **DO NOT** allow mixture to contact non-target species.

DO NOT use on land to be cultivated for growing sensitive plants. Legumes, vines, vegetables, cotton, tomatoes, ornamentals, coniferous species and many other broadleaf plants are highly susceptible to Access during both growing and dormant periods.

Picloram, one of the active ingredients in this product, can remain active in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter.

DO NOT move soil, which has been sprayed, to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

DO NOT apply when the treated soil may be washed to areas growing, or to be planted with desirable plants.

DO NOT apply close to, or on, areas containing roots of desirable plants, or sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run off to areas containing, or to be planted to, susceptible crops or plants.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

Alongside waterways treat only noxious weeds and poisonous plants.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

DO NOT store near food, feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

SPILL AND LEAK MANAGEMENT

DO NOT touch or walk through spilled material. Wear a face shield or goggles, overalls buttoned to neck and wrist, chemical resistant gloves and footwear. Stop leak when safe to do so. Dam area and prevent entry into waterways and drains.

Small spills/leaks: Absorb with material such as sand, soil or sawdust. Collect spilled product and place in sealable container for disposal. Spill residues may be cleaned using water and detergent. Contain and absorb wash water for disposal. Absorb and collect washings and place in the same sealable container for disposal. Dam the area of large spills and report them to Dow AgroSciences Emergency Services at 1-800 370 754.

Made in New Zealand

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Hazard and precautionary statements according to classification under GHS (Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling)

Store locked up. Combustible liquid. Keep away from flames, hot surfaces – no smoking. In case of fire use water fog or fine spray, dry chemical fire extinguishers, carbon dioxide fire extinguishers, foam or alcohol resistant foams (ATC type). Suspected of causing cancer*. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If swallowed immediately call a POISONS CENTRE or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

*this classification is derived from naphthalene, an ingredient in the hydrocarbon solvent.

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